

Docket No. 2377/11

way of the brokerage firm. At the end of a day's trading, the hub computers at each exchange (whether NASDAQ or NYSE) net out the differences among the member firms, in cash and stock, over many trades, and produce a report of who owes what to who, in net terms, relative to each stock. The firms have
5 a certain number of days to settle the trades (which allows for correction of errors, and transfer of funds). This allows a single day to result in one transaction for each trading firm for each stock it trades. This sort of clearing is key to the efficiency of any trading system. With the exception of a certificate delivery request, no security certificates need be moved, and cash can be
10 transferred by wire.

Defining the Value of Bandwidth Rights

It is an object of this invention to create a trading instrument which will break bandwidth resources into discrete, usable component pieces, and allow
15 an electronic market system to set a price for this scarce commodity which sets an equilibrium level of supply and demand. The net effect of this instrument, and its trading system, will be to efficiently apportion bandwidth to users who wish to download or upload valuable information, in whatever form it takes. Bandwidth affects the speed of information transfer. If more bandwidth is
20 used, speed increases, and the transfer is accomplished in less time. If an individual instance of this instrument is a bandwidth right, it can be observed that several factors will affect its value: